1	10A NCAC 13S .0326 is proposed for adoption under temporary procedures as follows:	
2		
3	10A NCAC 13S .0326 EMERGENCY BACK-UP SERVICES	
4	(a) Each clinic shall have a written plan for the transfer of emergency cases from the clinic to the close	st hospital
5	when hospitalization becomes necessary. Emergency case is defined as a condition manifesting itself	by acute
6	symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that the absence of immediate medical atten-	tion could
7	reasonably be expected to result in placing the individual's health in serious jeopardy, serious impairment	t to bodily
8	functions, or serious dysfunction of bodily organs.	
9	(b) The clinic shall have written protocols, personnel, and equipment to handle medical emergencies as defined to the clinic shall have written protocols.	ned above
10	which may arise in connection with services provided by the clinic.	
11	(c) The clinic shall have a written agreement between the clinic and a hospital to facilitate the transfer of pa	tients who
12	are in need of emergency care. A clinic that has documentation of its efforts to establish such a transfer	agreement
13	with a hospital that provides emergency services and has been unable to secure such an agreement shall be considered	
14	to be in compliance with this Rule.	
15	(d) The clinic shall provide intervention for emergency situations. These provisions shall include:	
16	(1) basic cardio-pulmonary life support;	
17	(2) emergency protocols for:	
18	(A) administration of intravenous fluids;	
19	(B) establishing and maintaining airway support;	
20	(C) oxygen administration;	
21	(D) utilizing a bag-valve-mask resuscitator with oxygen reservoir;	
22	(E) utilizing a suction machine; and	
23	(F) utilizing an automated external defibrillator;	
24	(3) emergency lighting available in the procedure room as set forth in Rule .0212 of this S	ubchapter:
25	<u>and</u>	
26	(4) ultrasound equipment.	
27		
28	History Note: Authority G.S. 131E-153; 131E-153.5; 143B-165.	